UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

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Petitioner,		
		Case Number 12-10029
V.		Honorable David M. Lawson
ROBIN BAKER, District Director, Bureau of Immigrations and Customs Enforcement,		
Respondent.		
	/	

ORDER DENYING CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY

The petitioner filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus on January 4, 2012. On September 28, 2012, the Court entered an order determining that the petition presented a claim challenging the conditions of confinement that was not cognizable on habeas review, the relief the petitioner sought was not a remedy available for a claim challenging conditions of confinement, and the petitioner's claims appeared to lack merit. On this basis, the Court entered judgment against the petitioner.

Pursuant to Rule 11 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Proceedings, which was amended as of December 1, 2009:

The district court must issue or deny a certificate of appealability when it enters a final order adverse to the applicant. . . . If the court issues a certificate, the court must state the specific issue or issues that satisfy the showing required by 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). If the court denies a certificate, a party may not appeal the denial but may seek a certificate from the court of appeals under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 22.

Rule 11, Rules Governing Section 2254 Proceedings.

A certificate of appealability may issue "only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). Courts must either issue a certificate of appealability indicating which issues satisfy the required showing or provide reasons why such

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a certificate should not issue. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(3); Fed. R. App. P. 22(b); In re Certificates of

Appealability, 106 F.3d 1306, 1307 (6th Cir. 1997). To receive a certificate of appealability, "a

petitioner must show that reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the

petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were adequate

to deserve encouragement to proceed further." Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003)

(internal quotes and citations omitted).

The Court finds that reasonable jurists could not debate whether the petition presented a

claim challenging the conditions of confinement that was not cognizable on habeas review or the

relief the petitioner sought was not a remedy available for a claim challenging conditions of

confinement. Therefore, the Court will deny a certificate of appealability on these issues.

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED** that a certificate of appealability is **DENIED**.

s/David M. Lawson

DAVID M. LAWSON

United States District Judge

Dated: October 1, 2012

PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that a copy of the foregoing order was served upon each attorney or party of record herein by electronic means or first

class U.S. mail on October 1, 2012.

s/Deborah R. Tofil

DEBORAH R. TOFIL

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